

CZAR STANDS BY COUNT WITTE

THE GERMAN EMPEROR SAID TO HAVE ADVISED IT.

State of Chaos Still Existing in Russia—Count Witte Powerless Under Present Conditions—The Recovery of the Russian Securities Causes Some Hope.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.
 LONDON, Dec. 9.—The news from Russia, scanty as it is, is still depressing. The final crisis in her destinies has not yet been reached. She remains a victim of blind, conflicting elements, out of which the most tragic developments may issue at any moment.

Past experience has shown that it is impossible to draw any safe conclusion from a report that there is a lull in one or the other of the various strikes. Interest for the moment centres greatly in Count Witte. By many it is thought that, deserted by the Moderates and feared by both extremes, he is a spent force and his resignation may come at any moment, leaving the two main forces of reaction and revolution face to face.

THE SUN'S St. Petersburg correspondent, telegraphing via Eythukken, says Count Witte's position with the Emperor is not weakened and he will not resign voluntarily. The correspondent adds that although it was from court sources that the report circulated that Gen. Ignatieff had dislodged Witte there are the best grounds for saying that the German Emperor is volunteering counsel to the czar, and that the Kaiser is a strong supporter of Count Witte.

The recovery of two points in the Russian rentes on Thursday is regarded as due to a belief in the high international financial world that Count Witte will not be dismissed.

Whether Count Witte resigns or not it is evident that for the time being at any rate he is powerless. He has been interviewing representatives of the Zemstvo Congress, the demands of which mean little loss for the autonomy than capitulation without terms. Yet, as THE SUN'S St. Petersburg correspondent writes, all these Zemstvoists who saw Count Witte last Tuesday are absolutely high and dry with the tide running far ahead of them.

The correspondent says: "The Russians have given a very short trial to Western party distinctions. Conservative, Liberal, Right, Left, Centre, &c., mean nothing here at all. They are adopting the Union of Unions as a model. They think that the accepted differences of political principle which make parties abroad are a sham so far as Russia is concerned. They form unions to watch the Government, and federate their unions so that the grievance of one group can have the force of all to redress it."

TRYING TO UNDERMINE WITTE.

Count Ignatieff, However, Declares That He Doesn't Want His Place.

From THE SUN'S Correspondent at St. Petersburg, ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 9.—Count Ignatieff informed his friends to-day that he did not wish to assume Count Witte's office. These friends explain that the strength of the opposition to Count Witte among the Emperor's personal advisers rests on evidence that the Premier completely misjudged the present situation.

Count Ignatieff and Gen. Troppoff are active in impressing that view upon the czar, adding Count Witte's declarations that political strikes would soon so antagonize the general community that the Government would secure public confidence only by suppressing the strikers and adhering to the convocation of the Imperial Duma.

Events have proved that the strikers' action widespread and increasing public support. There is no sign of a rally to the Government. Even the aristocrats who volunteered to go to the post office as letter sorters regarded the affair as a new amusement, and are already boycotted by many members of their own class.

This intransigent attitude of the working classes has impeded the reactionaries' call for the arrest of all strike leaders and chiefs of the present revolutionary agitation. Their programme is a military dictatorship under Gen. Troppoff, but while the Emperor retains his present attitude of trust in Count Witte it is not likely that the situation will take that turn.

The Emperor, however, to an ultra-royal deputation from Tula which presented an address praying for his undiminished autocracy replied that everything would be done to restore calm. The deputation spent some time afterward at the palace, and subsequent conversations with them show that they await a policy of unflinching suppression.

MUTINY IN ST. PETERSBURG.

Naval Battalion Refuses to Obey Orders and All Its Members Arrested.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.
 ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 9.—The mutiny surrounding the barracks of the Fourteenth Naval Battalion in this city. The battalion refused to go to Cronstadt when ordered to do so. The entire battalion was arrested and taken to Cronstadt.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—To-day's Russian mutinies include the revolt of a body of Russian sailors who had arrived at Toulon from the Black Sea, to take over two torpedo boats that are in course of construction there for the Russian Government.

GRAPE-NUTS.

A BRAIN WORKER

Must Have the Kind of Food That Nourishes Brain.

"I am a literary man whose nervous energy is a great part of my stock in trade, and ordinarily I have little patience with breakfast foods and the extravagant claims made of them. But I cannot withhold my acknowledgment of the debt that I owe to Grape-Nuts food."

"I discovered long ago that the very bulkiness of the ordinary diet, not calculated to give one a clear head, the power of sustained, accurate thinking. I always felt heavy and sluggish in mind as well as body after eating the ordinary meal, which diverted the blood from the brain to the digestive apparatus."

"I tried foods easy of digestion, but found them usually deficient in nutriment. I experimented with many breakfast foods, and they, too, proved unsatisfactory. All I reached Grape-Nuts. And then the problem was solved."

"Grape-Nuts agreed with me perfectly from the beginning, satisfying my hunger and supplying the nutriment that so many other prepared foods lack."

"I had not been using it very long before I found that I was turning out an unusual quantity and quality of work. Continued use has demonstrated to me the fact that the elements needed by the brain and nervous system of the hard working public writer." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville" in page.

the Russian Government. The men released a petty officer who had been put in irons for trying to arrange a superior. The mutineers were dispersed at the muzzle of the officers' revolvers.

AGRARIAN DISTURBANCES.

Prince Trubetzkoi's Estate Has Been Devastated Completely as a Result.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

BERLIN, Dec. 9.—A despatch to the Lokale Anzeiger from St. Petersburg dated yesterday says agrarian disturbances have started up in the government of St. Petersburg. Prince Trubetzkoi's estate at Elizavetino, on the Baltic Railway, has been completely devastated.

BANKER VINTON HELD IN BAIL.

He Is Alleged to Have Misrepresented a Bond Deal to a Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 9.—Merrick E. Vinton of New York was to-day held under \$2,000 bonds by Magistrate McCleary, charged with obtaining money under false pretences from John S. Stephens, a Philadelphia bank official.

Two years ago Stephens bought an installment bond through the Middlesex Securities Company, of which Vinton is president, and paid his first installment of \$1,000. When his second installment was due the Philadelphia received anonymous letters saying the New York institution was about to become insolvent. Stephens grew uneasy, and Vinton, he alleges, made false statements which influenced him to pay the second installment.

Merrick E. Vinton lives at the Hotel Newton, 2320 Broadway. He is the vice-president of the Middlesex Banking Company of Middletown, Conn., a mortgage and loan institution, and is president of the Middlesex Securities Company, a New Jersey corporation, doing business at 11 Broadway.

Mr. Vinton went to Philadelphia a few days ago on business, leaving his son, Stallo Vinton, who is the vice-president of the Securities Company, to look after his affairs here. Stallo Vinton said last night:

"The Middlesex Banking Company and the Middlesex Securities Company are distinct institutions. The securities company deals only in the bonds of the banking company, which is a loan and mortgage company. The banking company does a big business in Western farm mortgages."

"The banking company was started thirty years ago by my father and Robert N. Jackson, who is still president of the company. The Middlesex Banking Company has a surplus of \$250,000. It has never defaulted on an obligation."

"Stevens, the man who caused my father's arrest, was the holder of a ten year \$1,000 bond, gold bond for \$10,000, on which he had made two payments. Just what he complains of I do not know and won't know until I see my father."

RIFLE GOES OFF IN STREET CAR.

Student Charles Ramsey, Who Owned It, Loses a Finger Tip.

A young man who said he was Charles Ramsey, a student, living at 111 West Fourth street, was riding down town in a Broadway car last night. Ramsey sat near the rear door and between his legs rested a rifle. His right hand was on the muzzle.

As the car made the curve at Fourteenth street the rifle was discharged and the bullet ripped off the tip of Ramsey's little finger.

The car was crowded with passengers, and there was great excitement. The car was stopped and before he could do any explaining Ramsey was helped off and was soon on his way to St. Vincent's Hospital.

After his wounded finger had been dressed he went home.

SEEK TO GET AT MORE BALLOTS.

Hearst Men Ask for Orders to Open 17 Additional Boxes.

Henry de Forest Baldwin, counsel for W. R. Hearst, secured from Justice Stover of the Supreme Court yesterday orders to show cause why the ballot boxes in seventeen more election districts should not be opened and the votes recounted. The orders were made returnable before Justice Greenleaf in Part I. of the Supreme Court on Tuesday with the understanding that the matter is not to be argued until the Court of Appeals hands down its decision on the power of the court to open the ballot boxes for a canvass as part of a county canvass. The court will hear the case tomorrow, and a speedy decision is looked for.

The election districts in which the Hearst men seek to have the ballot boxes opened are the First, Second, Sixth, Eleventh and Fourteenth of the First Assembly district; the Fifth, Seventh, Ninth, Tenth, Thirteenth, Sixteenth and Seventeenth of the Third Assembly district, and the First, Third, Fifth, Tenth and Thirteenth of the Eighteenth, which is Charles F. Murphy's district. Besides these there are four more districts in the Eighteenth in which an effort will be made to get a canvass of the ballots, but the papers are not ready.

Greenleaf has presented to the court yesterday the application was made on the allegation that the totals on the tally sheets and the returns made by the ballot clerks did not agree.

At present both sides are devoting almost their entire time to preparing the case for the Court of Appeals. On the decision of this tribunal will depend the future course of the Hearst people, but it was said authoritatively yesterday that if the decision is adverse to opening the ballot boxes and the canvass presented to the court yesterday the application was made on the allegation that the totals on the tally sheets and the returns made by the ballot clerks did not agree.

WORKINGMEN'S M. O. ASSOCIATION.

ALBANY, Dec. 9.—The Workingmen's Municipal Ownership Association of New York city has been incorporated for the propagation of the ideas and purposes of municipal ownership and operation of public utilities. The directors are Francis Cramer, Peter J. Corcoran, Henry Michaels, William H. Ballinger, Charles Lowy, Joseph R. Buchanan, Arthur M. Dignan, Thomas Rock, Michael Brayer, James J. Hand, John S. Henry and Daniel McVey. Harry Deveau, Edward F. Farrell, James P. Holland and James B. Wilson of Brooklyn.

KINGS REPUBLICAN REFORM COMMITTEE.

Chairman Abel E. Blackman of the Citizens' Committee, recently organized to reform the Republican organization in Kings county and bring about direct nominations, ballot reform and a return to the old election district system, has appointed a committee of sixty-three from plan and action. Each Assembly district has three representatives on the committee.

CINCINNATI MAN CLAIMS HOLZMAN & CO.'S STOCK EXCHANGE SEAT.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 9.—William J. O'Dell of this city claims to own the New York Stock Exchange seat of Holzman & Co., sold for the benefit of creditors for \$5,000 this week.

If O'Dell's claim is sustained the creditors will get only 10 cents on the dollar. The seat was owned originally by Charles Henrotin, the Chicago partner of the business, and was the chief asset. O'Dell claims that on May 5, 1904, Henrotin transferred the seat to him.

THE GRIDIRON CLUB'S DINNER.

ROUND OF GOOD NATURED FUN FROM OYSTERS TO COFFEE.

SKIT on President Roosevelt's Activity in Settling Important Disputes—A Few Hits at the President's Order Not to Disclose Cabinet Secrets Handed Out.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The annual fall dinner of the Gridiron Club, held at the New Willard tonight, was attended by many men distinguished in public affairs, diplomacy, finance, the learned professions, industrial enterprises and journalism. From the oysters to the coffee there was one round of fun, most of the skits being good natured burlesques of prominent persons present. The peace conference and the so-called Cabinet pug order came for gentle roasts, and there were many topical songs on which Vice-President Fairbanks, the railway rate agitators and the railroads were the subjects. One of the songs went this way:

Give my regards to Moody, Remember me to Cortelyou, Tell Shaw and Taft and all the Cabinet We know not what to do.

Waikato to Hitecock softly, Well practice on him and his friends, Well find a way to get the news No matter if the gag is on.

The peace skit was an elaborate play on President Roosevelt's activity in settling important disputes. Three plenipotentiaries were appointed by the president of the Gridiron Club "to consider cases of extreme belligerency," and the first case heard involved what was described as a "dangerous, destructive and bloody warfare between Vice-President Fairbanks and Senator Beveridge." These two distinguished Indians, represented by proxies, refused to make up, and the peace conference failed also to bring about a settlement between Senators Corman and Rayner, Secretary Taft and Senator Foraker, Senators Spooner and La Follette and other prominent men who have had political differences.

When all seemed hopeless, a messenger from William Travers Jerome arrived with the "only reliable formula for reform in existence," contained in a demijohn labeled "Chloroform." The chairman announced that this was the only hope for peace, and the scene ended as the several belligerents were about to go to sleep.

The initiation of new members afforded an opportunity of getting off a few gags at the expense of President Roosevelt's order to his Cabinet officers not to disclose Cabinet secrets to newspaper correspondents. The stage was arranged to represent a dismal cavern, with the Grand Inquisitor, who greatly resembled President Roosevelt, and the Head Devil, who bore a likeness to Secretary Loeb, in the foreground. The three initiates were brought in, bound in clanking chains, and were compelled to seat themselves on big gridirons over fires of blazing coals. One of the members of the club, made up to represent Secretary Root accused one of the initiates of asking for Cabinet news, while Secretary Root's double charged the victim with having also violated the President's order. When the cases of the victims seemed hopeless, the Grand Inquisitor explained that the order had been misunderstood, and he blamed the Head Devil for sending out the letter containing it. The initiates were thereupon released and admitted to the club.

About 250 persons were present at the dinner. Among them were Vice-President Fairbanks, Speaker Cannon, Secretary Taft, Shaw, William H. Hitecock, Senators Allison, Beveridge, Crane, Dick, Flint, Heyburn, Keam, Kittredge, Lodge, Scott and Warren; Baron Rosen, the Russian Ambassador and several other members of the diplomatic corps; Governor-elect Swanson of Virginia; Robert C. Armstrong, Secretary of State; William T. Penfield, collector of the State Department; William Loeb, Jr., secretary to the President; Gen. A. W. Fuller and Capt. A. W. Butt, U. S. A.; President H. P. Spencer of the Southern Railway and a host of other celebrities. Richard L. Fearn of the New York Tribune was elected president, and Samuel G. Blythe of the New York World was elected vice-president of the club at the annual meeting to-day.

FOR PAN-AMERICAN CONGRESS.

Secretary Root Names the Committees to Prepare the Programme.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Announcement was made to-day of the three committees appointed by Secretary of State Root for the diplomatic representatives of the nations which make up the Bureau of American Republics. Two of the committees have to do with the Pan-American conference which is to be held in Brazil next July, and the third has been selected to prepare the plans with a view to the Bureau of American Republics a permanent institution and arranging some of the details for the conference at Rio. Secretary Root is chairman ex officio of all the committees, and before final action is taken on the plans of each of the committees the Secretary will have an opportunity of giving his views on all the questions to be decided.

The next Pan-American conference, which will be the third, will probably be the greatest ever held. Mr. Root, together with one or two other American delegates, will go to Brazil and will participate actively. He will take at least one warship of the navy, and possibly a squadron.

SECRETARY TAFT GOES TO GETTYSBURG.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Secretary of War Taft, accompanied by a small party of army officers, left Washington this evening for the Gettysburg battlefield, where to-morrow he will select a site for a table authorized by Congress, which will bear President Lincoln's Gettysburg address. The party went in a special car, and will return to Washington to-morrow evening.

LOUISIANA DELEGATION PLEAD FOR LEVITY FOR MERIWETHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Both Senators and the entire House delegation from Louisiana called on President Roosevelt this morning to talk with him about the case of Meriwether Meriwether, whose trial on a charge of manslaughter was recently finished. The record of the court-martial has not yet been taken up by the President. The Louisiana delegation made a plea for leniency, although it was not pretended that they knew what the sentence of the court-martial was. The President promised to call their plea up and to review it, and he should examine the record in the Meriwether case.

TRY A BRISK WALK IN THE OPEN THESE CRISP WINTER DAYS, WITH A BOTTLE OF

Dr. Humphreys' Seventy-Seven Breaks up Grip and Colds

A Fresh Cold often yields to "77" after the first dose.

A Neglected Cold takes longer but gives away before "77" eventually.

A Stubborn Cold sometimes seems to grow worse, but the effect of "77" is cumulative and after a tussle the Cold is broken up.

A book on Dr. Humphreys' System of Cure mailed free.

Humphreys' Home Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

to cap the climax, and see how much more sunshine will come into your life.

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CHANGE OF \$1,000 BILL.

Had Hundred, Says German Chap, Who Made Friends in a Penny Arcade.

Nils Gotghenien, looking abashed and penitent, told his story to Capt. Lantry of the East Fifty-third street police station yesterday afternoon.

"I live at 221 West Forty-third street," said he. "Last night I go for a walk on Broadway. I drop into one of the penny arcades to hear the phonograph music. I meet two men who talk German. I talk to them better than English and enjoy their conversation. Soon they ask me to have a drink. Then they take me to the Hotel Astor where they say they live. We have more drinks. They say, 'Do you want to meet two beautiful women? I say yes.'"

"We go to a house on West Forty-third street and meet the women. I spend about \$100 for wine. This morning I want more wine and I give one of the men a \$1,000 bill. All the change he brings back is a bad \$100 bill. I protest. The men laugh. I leave the place and go home. I find that they were May Woodbury and Margaret Desmond, milliners, living at 25 West Forty-fourth street. They denied all knowledge of the incidents related by Gotghenien and insisted they had never even seen him. They were held as suspicious persons."

WAR AMONG HOUSE DEMOCRATS.

It Arose Over Committee Assignments and the Hearst Rate Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Trouble is brewing among the Democrats of the House, and there is danger that, instead of presenting a solid front against the majority, the minority will be divided, and thus be able to support the House's action against the Republican bill. The dissatisfaction arose over the minority committee assignments, but, as a matter of fact, it was Hearst's rate bill which started the trouble.

At the last session Mr. Hearst sought to have the minority adopt his rate bill as the position of the party on the question. John Sharp Williams called a caucus and turned it down and bound the Democrats who participated in the caucus to the support of the so-called Dwyer bill. He asserts that two of the Democrats on the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, Mr. Lamar of Florida, and Mr. Shackelford, kicked over the traces and flocked with Hearst. As a result neither will be reappointed to that committee, but will go to minor committees. In their places he will recommend to the Speaker the appointment of Mr. Bartlett of Georgia and Mr. Russell of Texas.

But this is not all the trouble in store for Mr. Williams in his thirteenth position as minority leader. Mr. Williams had resolved to give Mr. Sullivan of Massachusetts a place on the Ways and Means Committee, to succeed Mr. Cooper of Texas, who was not reelected to the present House. The Texas delegation met and, in view of the fact that it has sixteen members in the House, and is entitled to representation on this important committee, recommended Mr. Randall for the place. Mr. Williams was told that the Texas delegation would keep its pledge. Hence the Texans are dissatisfied.

The assignment of Mr. Sullivan is considered by many as a slap at Mr. Hearst. It was the Massachusetts member who engaged in the controversy with Mr. Hearst last session because, when he refused the Hearst bill, Hearst charged him in his newspapers and on the floor of the House with being a murderer. Sullivan's reply was one of the features of that session.

In the controversy which has arisen a large majority of the Democrats support Mr. Williams and contend that he is justified in his action. It is possible, however, that there are others who oppose it, and they intend to embarrass the minority leader as much as possible. Mr. Williams expects to hand in his recommendations to Speaker Cannon early next week, and the full committee lists will probably be announced before the end of the week. It is now settled that Mr. Fitzgerald of Brooklyn will be assigned to a Democratic vacancy on the Committee on Appropriations, and that Mr. Burleigh of North Dakota will go to that committee. Mr. Underwood of Alabama will be taken off that committee and will go to Ways and Means, and Mr. McMillan of Virginia, who will retire on January 1 to become Governor of Virginia.

MOVEMENTS OF NAVAL VESSELS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The cruiser Bainbow has arrived at Valparaiso, the collier Leontides at Boston and the collier Lebanon and the destroyer Stewart at Norfolk.

The battleship Wisconsin has sailed from Cavite for Hongkong, the cruiser Tacoma from Santo Domingo City for Guantanamo, the cruisers Denver and Des Moines from Santo Domingo City for Cuba, the cruiser Olympia from Santo Domingo City for Sanchez, the collier Cesar from Norfolk for Bradford, the tug Rocket from Washington for Norfolk, the tug Unadilla from Norfolk for Pensacola, the tug Hercules from Norfolk for Solomons, and the destroyer Paul Jones from Mare Island for San Francisco.

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ANOTHER EXCHANGE OF NOTES WITH TURKEY.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—The Foreign Office announced to-night that there would be a further exchange of notes with the Porte but the acceptance of the demands of the Powers in regard to financial reforms in Macedonia was certain.

LOST HIS HAND SAVING BOYS.

Maurice Quirk, 35 years old, of 628 East Fourteenth street, was driving a Metropolitan Street Car Company emergency wagon through Avenue C last night when two boys ran into the street in front of his team. He pulled the horses into the car tracks to save the boys and the jolting of the horses threw him off his seat. He fell in front of a south bound Avenue C horse car and had his left hand severed at the wrist. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

BROKE WORLD'S TYPEWRITING RECORD.

PUEBLO, Col., Dec. 9.—Ray Vanetich, a newspaper man, last night broke the world's typewriting record, taking 2,600 words during the first thirty minutes, and finishing the hour with 4,017 words, over the long distance telephone from Denver, 120 miles away. The previous hour record, 3,930 words, was made by Paul Munter at New York on November 4, 1905.

Dr. Sheffield's
 Anti-Septic
Crème Dentifrice
 Put up in collapsible Tubes
Tooth Powder
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Elixir Balm
 A Delightful Mouth Wash
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When you buy a Rain Coat ask for the genuine
"Cravenette"
 "Rain will neither wet nor spot them."
 Be sure to look for this circular trade-mark stamped on the cloth, and this label at the coat collar or elsewhere.

Write for interesting booklet—FREE.
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 Manufacturers of Black Dress Goods, Mohairs, Woollens, Cravenette Cloths, Etc.
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We should like you
 to visit us and look over our stock; an almost endless assortment of imported fabrics (only), wholly new, of course, and strikingly handsome.
 Our entire organization is devoted to the exclusive production of high-class custom work only, but not at prohibitive prices.

Burnham & Phillips
 Custom Tailoring Only.
 119 & 121 Nassau St.

DRAINED HUSBAND TO STATION.

Mrs. Fishauer Wanted the Handsome Walter Ordered to Keep Away.

Mrs. Lena Fishauer of 350 East Eighteenth street, who has well developed muscles, marched her husband, Carl, into the East Twenty-second street police station last night and stood him up before Capt. Hussey.

"Judge, your Honor, this is my third husband," she said. "I want you to order him to stay away from me, because I don't care to live with him any more."

"She is my fourth wife, Judge," declared Fishauer, who is a waiter with an Emperor William mistake. "I pay the rent, and I don't propose to be turned out. I love my wife, but she is crazy."

"I hate you, and if you love anybody that hates you, then you must be crazy, too," responded Mrs. Fishauer.

HER DAVIS BACK IN THE FOLD.

D. Charles Roosevelt the Greatest President and That He Is a Republican Aid.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 9.—Webster Davis in renouncing Democracy to-day said:

"I am a great admirer of Theodore Roosevelt and his policies. So long as those policies remain in force I shall lend my voice to their upholding and will be identified with the Republican party."

In his opinion Theodore Roosevelt is the greatest President in the history of the American republic, because he and his policies are a new era to the masses. I have decided that my duty lies, in my new home, with the good people of Michigan. There I shall do what I can for the advancement of Republicanism as exemplified by Mr. Roosevelt, and expect in time to become active in politics again.

Davis goes to the City of Mexico Sunday, thence to Michigan, which he says will be his future home.

MINISTER GRAVES RECEIVED.

King Haakon Gives Audience to the American Representative.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.
 CHRISTIANIA, Dec. 9.—Charles H. Graves, the American Minister to Norway, was received in ceremonial audience to-day by King Haakon VII. Mr. Graves, who tendered President Roosevelt's congratulations to the King, expressed his best wishes for the welfare of the King, the prosperity of Norway and the promotion of good relations between that country and the United States.

LENOX AVENUE

125th Street, West

SEES C. H. & D. STOCKHOLDERS

Creditors Bring Action to Assess Shareholders for Their Liability.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 9.—Suit to assess the stockholders of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad for their liability was filed by Attorneys Burch and Johnson and Stricker and Johnson in the Superior Court this afternoon on behalf of George W. Harris and other creditors. Harris's claim is said to amount to \$1,000. The defendants named in the suit are Eugene Zimmerman, late president of the road; George F. Bromfield, M. D. Woodford, also a former president; F. H. Short, and Thomas J. Walsh. The suit is the sequel to the recent receivership action against the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad.

The allegation is that the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway Company is an Ohio corporation, that it has a paid up capital of \$10,000,000, that it has confessed insolvency, that